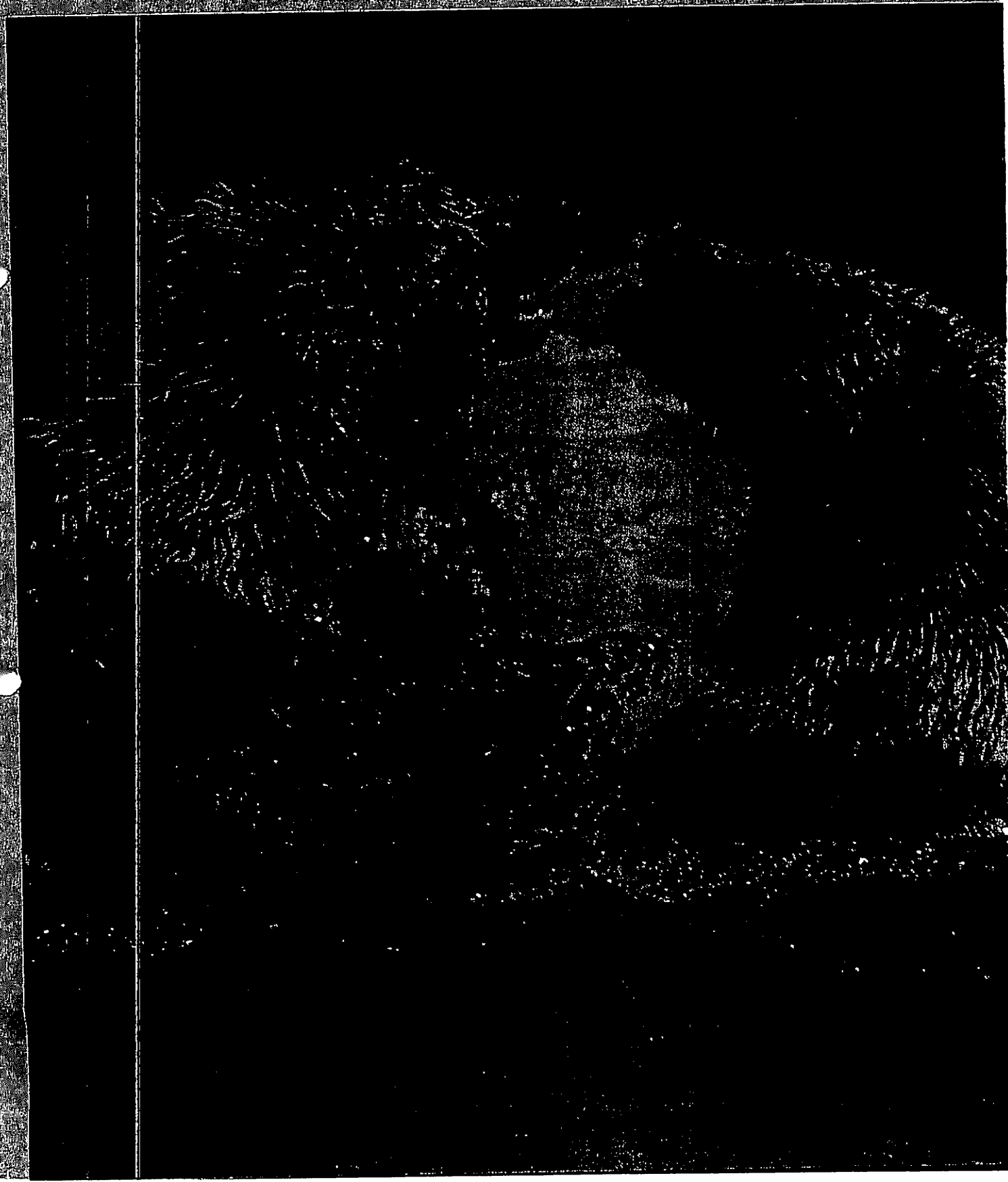


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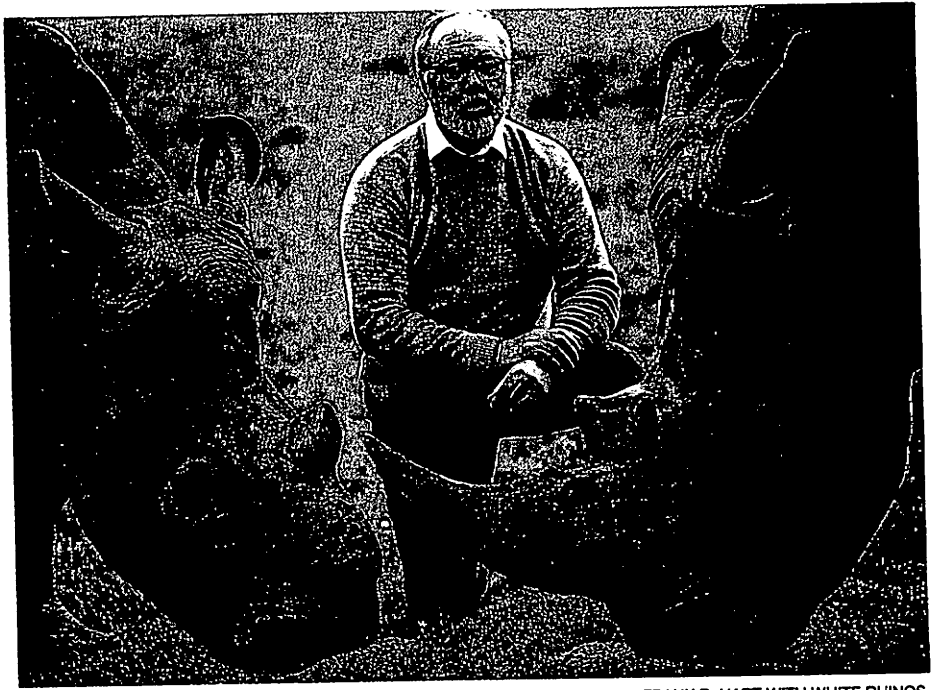
WILDLIFE SAFARI

WINSTON, OREGON



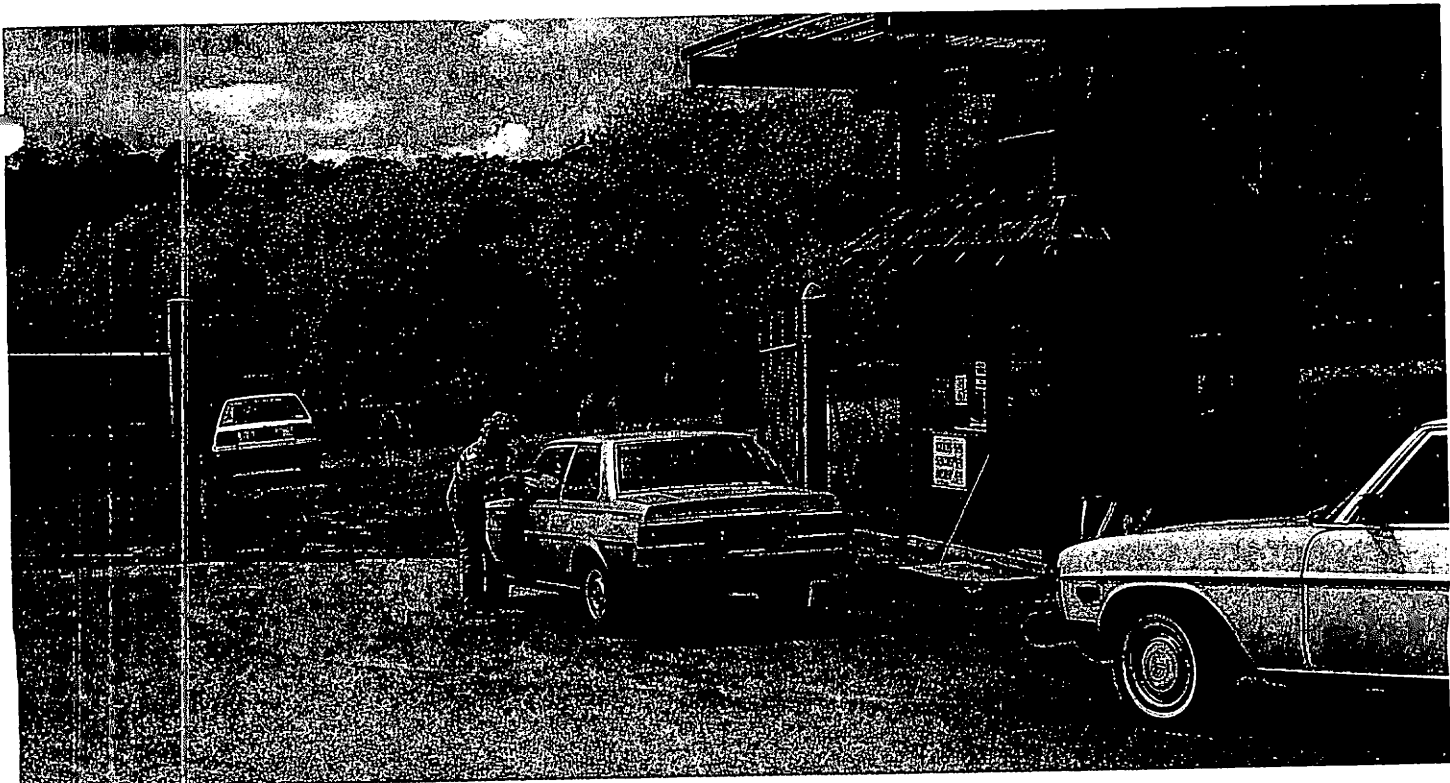
Wildlife Safari is the result of one man's dedication to the preservation of life on earth. He is Frank R. Hart, Managing Director and President of the Safari Game Search Foundation, Inc. On each of his 29 trips to Africa and Asia, Mr. Hart noticed considerably less animal and bird life. His concern for this trend triggered him to create his "dream," a wildlife reserve that is not only a place to view exotic animals but also an arena for wildlife research, public education and breeding endangered species.

Investigative studies disclosed that this Oregon valley was suitable for a diverse collection of exotic and native species. Well known conservationists from around the world have praised the park for its efforts. Ian Player, the man credited with saving the southern white rhinoceros from extinction, expressed many of his colleagues' opinions when he stated that, "Wildlife Safari is the most beautiful park of its kind in the world."



FRANK R. HART WITH WHITE RHINOS

DRIVE ... INTO ADVENTURE



SAFARI DRIVE-THROUGH ENTRANCE

► Living on the Serengeti plain in Africa, the **White Bearded gnu**, more commonly known as the wildebeest, outnumber the other African antelopes. The gnu is rather large and heavily built, weighing from 350 to 600 pounds. Gnus breed well at the Safari, with babies born in the spring. The newborns are usually up and running with their mothers within minutes after birth. This is necessary for their survival in the wild from predators like lions and aggressive animals like the zebra.



WHITE BEARDED GNU (*Connochaetes taurinus meamsi*)

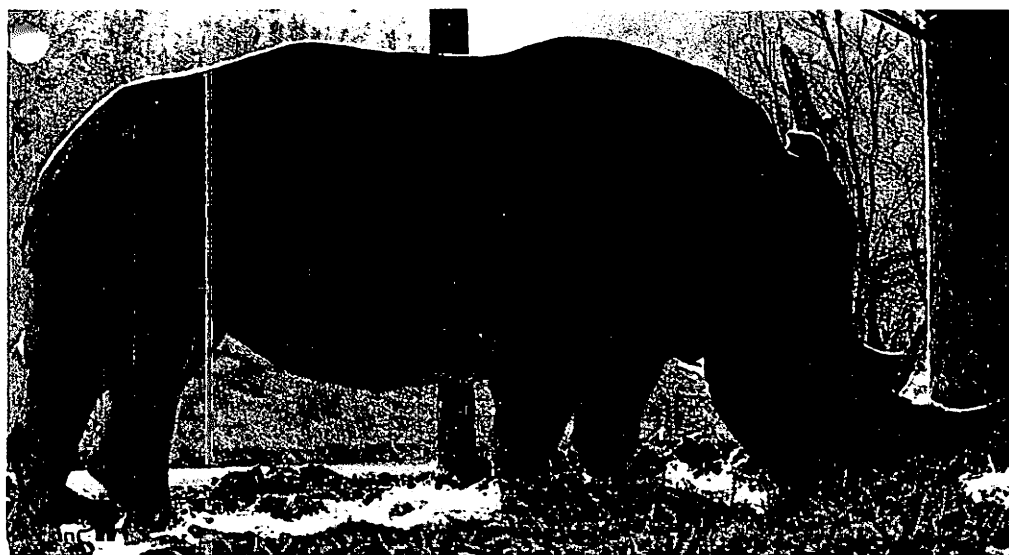


AOUDAD (*Ammotragus lervia*)

◄ The **Aoudad** (or Barbary Sheep) has an extraordinary ability to go for days without water. They're able to obtain sufficient moisture from green plants and from the dew which condenses on the leaves during the cold desert nights. Though the aoudad closely resembles a goat, it meets the scientific requirements to be classified as the only wild sheep species living in Africa. Both males and females have semicircular horns.

▼ Formerly common in South Africa, the massive **Southern White rhinoceros** was very close to extinction at the turn of the century. Due to conservation efforts undertaken by Ian Player, Safari Game Search Foundation, Inc. Trustee, and other conservationists, the southern white rhino has been stabilized and now approximately 4,000 live in protected reserves. Poaching of all five species of rhinos remains a serious problem. Formerly counted in the thousands, rhinos are down to a few

hundred animals in each country.



SOUTHERN WHITE RHINOCEROS (*Ceratotherium simum simum*)

The rhino is the second largest land animal in the world, weighing up to 8,000 pounds. Wildlife Safari has been designated by the American Association of Zoological Parks and Aquariums' Species Survival Plan as a breeder of white rhinos. The goal of the Species Survival Plan is to preserve species of wildlife through research and programs. The Safari's goal is to create a breeding group.