REMARKABLE RHINOCEROS HORN.

Sin,—The accompanying photograph represents an African rhinoceros horn (belonging to the Hon. Walter Rothschild), which seems to have the characters of both Rhinoceros sioms and Rhinoceros bicornis. Three inches from its bass the horn has almost a flat front surface like stmus, but within 2ft. of the tip is circular like bicornes; length in front curve, 43lin,; circumferce at base, 22in.; weight, and the specimen was the base tried during the state of the

[Copyright, Rowland Ward

Mr Doggett on his last trip during the Uganda Boundary Commisthe Uganda

sion.

It would be interesting to learn if both species, viz., Rhino-eros rimus and R. bicornis, occur in or near the Lado Enclave, for if this hydrone, the special s horn referred to in the above note. It is certainly a remarkable specimen, combining as it does character usually considered as respectively considered as respectively considered as respectively. In the form of the roughened base, which presents a sub-circular section, it approximates, for instance, to the bicornia type, while above the productively of the consistency of the white rhinceros. On the other hand, as the summit is approached it once more reverts to the bicornia type, expanding certain front herns of the black species. In its curvature it also shows a distinct approximation to the front horn of the bicornia holms are the proposed of t

coedings for 1909 surmounting the sound to a female of the Lado race (sinus colton) of the white species. Horns of the holmscoord type, which Dr Trouessart assigned to the black species. As to the Paris specimen assigned by the same naturalist to the female of the Lado white rhinceros, I can say nothing definite as I do not know its history; but no horn of anything like its length is definitely known in the Feld, refersion and the product of sinus colors. Indeed, the longest horn of that product of sinus colors. Indeed, the longest horn of the product of sinus colors. Indeed, the longest horn of the product of sinus colors. Indeed, the longest horn of the product of sinus colors. Indeed, the longest horn of the product of the present note. Whether the latter belongs to a male or a female is difficult to decide, although if it pertain to the white species it is almost certainly the front horn of a female, with the product of the present note. Whether the latter belongs to a male or a female is difficult to decide, although if it pertain to the white species it is almost certainly the front horn of a female, but the product of the present note. Whether the latter belongs to a male or a female is afficient to the hybrid theory. I am John to believe that two rhinceros would interbreed under normal circumstances in a state of nature. So far, however, as I can glean there appears to be no evidence that the black species is an autive of the Lado Enclave, no horns being recorded in Mr Ward's book from that district, while apparently no mention of the occurrence of the species in Lado contrasts it with the East African black species, as if there were none of the latter in the district. How many the present is the case of the so-called Oris brooker, which is believed to be a hybrid due to a Tibectan argall having strayed into the domain of the brill. However, by Mr Ward that such female horns of the northern race of the white rhinoceros that have hitherto come and informed, however, by Mr Ward that such female horns of t

THE STRENGTH OF AN ELEPHANT.

Sir,—I had lately to go to the Chiromo Marsh in Nyasaland in search of certain specimens of game which I required. The marsh has lately been opened to sportsmen, having previously

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