

TERRY

A  
VOYAGE to EAST-INDIA;

W H E R E I N

Some Things are taken Notice of,

In our PASSAGE THITHER,

But MANY MORE in our ABODE THERE,

Within that rich and most SPACIOUS

EMPIRE of the GREAT MOGUL.

M I X T W I T H S O M E

Parallel Observations and Inferences upon the Story,  
to profit as well as delight the READER.

REPRINTED from the EDITION of 1655.  
WITH COPPER-PLATES.

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Observed by EDWARD TERRY, 1590-1660

Then Chaplain to the Right Hon. Sir THOMAS ROW, Knt.  
Lord Ambassador to the Great Mogul,

And afterwards Rector of the Church at Greenford, in Middlesex.

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In journeying often, in Perils of Waters, in Perils of Robbers, in Perils by  
the Heathen, in Perils in the Sea. 1 Cor. xi. 26.

The Lord on high is mightier than the Noise of many Waters; yea, than the  
mighty Waves of the Sea. Psal. xciii. 4.

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—Digitis a Morte remotis:  
Quatuor, aut septem.—Iuv. Sat. xii.  
Qui nescit orare, discat navigare.  
Ubique Naufragium.

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L O N D O N:

PRINTED FOR W. CATER, No. 274, HOLBORN;  
S. HAYES, No. 92, HOLBORN;  
J. WILKIE, No. 71, ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-YARD;  
AND E. EASTON, AT SALISBURY.

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M. DCC. LXXVII.

XIX, 511 pp.

cry and complain, and seem to be much disquieted, as if we did them much wrong, while we labour to do them the greatest right. The reason is, because their pride (as every beloved sin besides) “ compasseth them as a chain,” Psal. lxxiii. 6. it is their jewel, their ornament, (as they think) and therefore they will keep it, they will not part from it, though it be their greatest shame, because they esteem it their chiefest glory. I would intreat my reader, when he comes to this digression, to read it over and over again.

The dromedary is called by the prophet Jeremy, ii. 23. the swift dromedary; the reason may be, because these, like the camels, have very long legs, and consequently make long steps, and so travelling rid ground apace; or because at a pinch, or time of need, they will carry a man exceeding far without rest, and but with a very little food.

They have some rhinoceros, but they are not common; which are very large square beasts, bigger than the largest oxen England affords; their skins, without hair, lie in great wrinkles upon their necks, breasts, and backs, which doth not make them seem lovely to the beholders. They have very strong but short horns, growing upon very firm bones, that lie over their nostrils; they grow upwards, towards the top of their head, every one of these creatures being fortified with one of them, and that enough to make them so terrible,

rible, that they are shunn'd by other, tho' very large creatures. With these horns, (from which those creatures have their names) are made very excellent cups, which (as is conceived) give some virtue unto the liquor put into them, if it stand any long time in those cups.

And now to conclude with the largest and the most intelligent (as we shall hereafter shew) of all the sensible creatures the earth produceth, the elephant, of which this vast monarchy hath abundance; and of them the Mogul is master of many thousands; and his nobles, and all men of quality besides, in those large territories, have more or less of them. But of these much shall be spoken in my sixth section.

I observed before, that the inhabitants of this empire did carry most of their burthens upon the backs of their beasts; and in a 'special manner this people employ their camels and dromedaries for this use, to carry their merchandise from place to place; and therefore I shall let my reader see,

## SECTION

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