REALLY TRHINOS

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TO PAY OR NOT TO PAY?

Rhino Horn; Stockpile Acquisition, Compensation & Destruction: Does it Serve the nterests of Rhimo Onservation? by Esmond Bradley fartin, et al] Excerpted from WARA, 16(3):17-22, May/June, 1993.

At the 28th meeting of the tanding Committee of CITES eld in June, 1992, Annex 2, of the Summary Report tated that it 'regards the xistence of substantial illegal tockpiles of rhino horn in ome countries, including 'arties to the Convention, as otally unacceptable to and acompatible with implenentation of the Convention'...

No one disputes the xistence of 'illegal' rhino orn stocks in various parts f the world, but, with the are exception, they remain idden from government

authorities There are legal chino hord stocks and producis in the hands discovered mentagencies and private andividuals all over the world

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is considering a petition to certify that Taiwan, China, South Korea and Yemen are undermining the effectiveness of CITES by continuing to allow trade in rhino horn.

"China is the main country in the world making medicines containing thing horn; the factories use up about 650 kilos of thino horn a year.

"The authors have conducted extensive investigations on the rhino horn trade in Asian and Middle Eastern end-use markets and it is probably not an exaggeration to state that our collective research on this issue presents virtually the entire body of published market survey date to date.

Drawing on this experience, the destruction of thing horn hockpiles especially those orivately-owned, as advoated under the scenarios mentioned above, are not practical and would ultimately be counterproductive with serious and detrimental consequences to rhino conservation as a whole.

It is very likely that the majority of privately-held rhino horn stocks ultimately produced during any buy out scheme would come from outsiders to the traditional medicine market (middlemen importers, speculators, and black market dealers) who lack any direct avenue for dispensation of their own. The real criminals will have profited with their anonymity intact, while the traditional trade in rhino horn as medicine will continue in one form or another.